

Teaching Plan (English Communication I)

Student Teacher :
Instructor :

1. Date : June 9th
2. Class : 1
3. Place : 1
4. Textbook : ENRICH LEARNING English Communication I (TOKYO SHOSEKI)
5. Unit : Unit 2 What do superstitions mean to you?
6. Aims of this unit
 - 1) To know what kinds of superstitions and beliefs exist in the world.
 - 2) To let students think about the differences and similarities between cultures through superstitions.
7. Criteria for Assessment
 - ① Knowledge/Skills
 - (1) Be able to read the passage aloud correctly.
 - (2) Be able to understand the content of the passage.
 - (3) Be able to understand what others want to explain.
 - ② Ability to thinking, judgment and expression
 - (1) Be able to understand the context of the passage and think about and discuss some aspects of culture through superstitions around the world.
 - (2) Be able to express their own thoughts and share them with other students.
 - ③ Positive attitude toward learning
 - (1) Try to understand the passage.
 - (2) Actively participate in pair or group activities.
 - (3) Try to improve themselves by identifying areas they struggle with.
 - (4) Make an effort to express their own opinions.
8. Aims of this lesson
 - 1) To become familiar with some foreign cultures and traditions through superstitions.
 - 2) To encourage students to find the differences and similarities between some other cultures and Japanese culture.
9. Teaching aids
Handouts : worksheet, flag and culture cards, and PPT

10. Teaching Procedure

Activities	JET	Students	Evaluation
1. Greetings (1 mins)	Exchange greetings	Exchange greetings	
2. Warm-up (3 mins)	Ask a few questions about Part 1 Do mini quiz about superstitions	Answer the questions Look at the screen and think about the answers in pairs Talk with their classmates around them and answer the questions	① - (2) ② - (2) ③ - (2)
3. Activites (2 mins)	Give Ss worksheet Explain how to play the activity and step 1	Get worksheet Listen to T	
(3 mins)	Give culture cards one by one and start step 1, Guessing the Country	Guess the country for each	① - (2) ③ - (4)
(5 mins)	Check the phrases Have Ss repeat	Read aloud after T	
(5 mins)	Make groups and give the flag cards to each group Let Ss do step 1, Matching Cards	Make groups Discuss in groups and write on worksheet Step 1	① - (3) ② - (2) ③ - (1)(2)

	Give the answers to each group		
(2 mins)	Explain how to do step 2	Listen to T	
(8 mins)	Let Ss do step 2, What was surprising or interesting? First, individually Next, in groups	Think and write on worksheet Step 2 First, do by themselves Next, share their thoughts with the members of the group	① - (3) ② - (1) ③ - (2)(3)
(5 mins)	Ask each group what they wrote	Tell their thoughts	① - (2) ② - (2)
(2 mins)	Explain how to do step 3	Listen to T	
(6 mins)	Let Ss do step 3, Compare with Japanese Culture First, individually Next, in pairs	Think and write on worksheet Step 3 First, do by themselves Next, exchange their opinions in pairs	③ - (2)
(5 mins)	Have Ss ask their opinions of classmates Let Ss walk around and ask each other what they wrote in step 3	Ask each other's opinions Walk around Ask three classmates	② - (2) ③ - (3)(4)
4. Consolidation (3 mins)	Provide feedback to the class Exchange greetings	Listen to T's feedback exchange greetings	

Reading 1

Situation

Dan and Emma are flying to Japan on a school trip with their classmates from the UK. Dan reads an article in an in-flight magazine and talks with Emma about it.



6 fascinating superstitions and beliefs from around the world

- Why don't Europeans walk under ladders?
- Where do bananas bring bad luck?
- Read on to find out ...



AS YOU fly off to new and exciting destinations with Fly Away Airlines, it's important to prepare to experience new cultures. Take some time to look through the tips below and make sure you're ready for your destination.

CHINA

Avoid giving gifts in sets of four. Why? The Chinese character for four can be pronounced the same way as death.

JAPAN

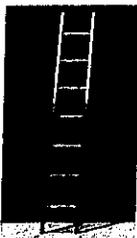
When you eat in Japan, make sure you don't pass food from one pair of chopsticks to another. Why? This is a common ritual at funerals.

AUSTRALIA

Be careful not to take a photo of an Aboriginal person without their permission. Why? Aboriginal people believe the photo can take their spirit away.

EUROPE

In many European countries, people never walk under a ladder. Why? A ladder against a wall makes a triangle shape and triangles were sacred shapes for many people in ancient Europe. So, if you walk through the triangle, it brings bad luck.



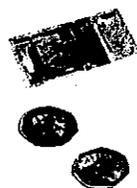
HAWAII

If you're going out fishing in Hawaii, make sure you don't bring bananas on the boat with you. Why? Many people believe the bananas bring no fish and bad luck.



UGANDA

If you are traveling in Uganda during the New Year's break, don't lend or borrow money on New Year's Day. Why? Many people believe that your actions on New Year's Day might set a pattern for the whole year. So be careful how you handle money.

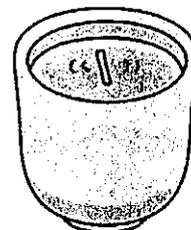


Author bio

Ash is a world-traveler who has visited 44 countries. Ash likes to get to know the local culture in every new place he visits. He hopes that these tips will stop you from making the same mistakes he made!

Unit 2

What do superstitions mean to you?



Mini Quiz

1. Seeing (yellow) butterflies in spring brings good luck.
2. The number (8) is a lucky number. People use it for phone number or car plates. [In China]

1. If you break the mirror, bad luck continues for 7 years. (Superstition)
2. It is a famous tea culture. People enjoy spending a relaxing time with their family and friends during afternoon tea. (Tip)

Step 1. Guessing Country

I think it's from _____, because _____.

I think it's from the U.K.,
because afternoon tea started in this country.

India, Philippines, Vietnam, South Korea,
Thailand, Singapore, Taiwan
Hungary, France, Italy, Turkey, Germany, Spain, Russia,
Greece, Sweden
Egypt, South Africa, Saudi Arabia
The U.S., New Zealand, Canada, Ireland
Brazil, Peru, Mexico

Step 2. What was interesting or surprising?

Choose one country : The U.K.

I was surprised that
breaking a mirror has such a scary meaning.

I think it is interesting that
the number 7 is connected to bad luck.

※Write at least one sentence.

Step 3. Compare with Japan

Compare the culture of the country you chose in Step 2 with that of Japan.

○ In Japan, we don't worry much about breaking the mirror
but in (the U.K.), people think about it more seriously

○ Both Japan and (the U.K.)
have a tea culture to relax and connect with family or friends.

※Write at least one sentence.

Unit 2 What do superstitions mean to you?

Class _____ Name _____

Step 1. Guessing Country

I think it's from _____, because _____

Matching Cards

Look at each card. Discuss with your group members.

No.	Country	Why?
①		
②		
③		
④		
⑤		

Step 2. What was interesting or surprising?

Choose one country : _____

I was surprised that _____

I think it is interesting that _____

Step 3. Compare with Japanese Culture

Compare the culture of the country you chose in Step 2 with that of Japan.

○ In Japan, we _____

but in (_____), people _____

○ Both Japan and (_____) _____

Name:	Country: Differences or Similarities :
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Name:	Country: Differences or Similarities :

Step 4. 振り返り(今日のアクティビティを通して考えたこと)

Step 1

Guessing

- I think it's from (country's name). Because ~.
- Could it be (country's name). Because ~.
- Maybe (country's name). Because ~.

Asking for opinions or reaction

- What do you think?
- How about you?
- Do you have a different opinion?
- Do you agree? / Do you think so too?

Reaction

- That's interesting. / That's cool.
- I think so too. / I agree with you. / I agree with that.
- I don't think so, because ~.
- I'm not sure about that.
- Really? / Oh, really?

Group 1

① Vietnam

1. If you clean your house in the first 3 days of the Lunar New Year, you might lose your good luck.
2. People often eat pho. It is a noodle soup.

② Italy

1. Don't place bread upside down on the table or in a basket. It's believed to be bad luck.
2. People eat pasta as a daily food. They don't use a spoon to eat it.

③ Turkey

1. An itchy hand might be telling of your financial future.
2. People eat kebabs and use many spices in cooking.

④ South Africa

1. It's believed to be bad luck to point at a rainbow, because it will bring misfortune.
2. People enjoy BBQ called "Braai". They think it is kind of a national sport.

Group 2

① Philippines

1. Don't wear red during a storm, because people believe that red affects lightning.
2. People eat chocolate rice porridge called "champorado" as breakfast or snack.

② Germany

1. Wishing someone a happy birthday before their actual birthday is considered bad luck.
2. People eat sausages and drink beer when they have a big party called "Oktoberfest".

③ Russia

1. Placing empty bottles on the ground is considered good luck.
2. People like to eat a beet soup called "borscht" to warm them up.

④ Peru

1. Burning dolls at the end of the year brings good luck in the new year. It is said to remove old luck.
2. People eat a lot of potatoes in daily meals. There are more than 300 types.

Group 3

① India

1. Don't get a haircut on a Tuesday. If you do, it will bring bad luck.
2. People eat with their hands.

② Taiwan

1. Money for New Year or other events is given in a red envelope called a "red pouch".
2. People enjoy night markets with many foods.

③ Greece

1. People believe that a jealous look can bring bad luck, so they wear blue eye charms or the Hand of Fatima.
2. People say "Yassou" to greet each other.

④ Brazil

1. Don't put your wallet on the ground. If you do, You will be broke.
2. People enjoy dancing samba during carnival.

⑤ New Zealand

1. It's bad luck to move food over someone's head because the head is special and sacred.
2. People do the haka dance at sports events. It is famous for its rugby game.

Group 4

① South Korea

1. Don't wash your hair before a big test. The water will wash away what you have studied and learned.
2. People wear traditional clothes called "hanbok".

② Hungary

1. Sitting at the corner of a table will mean bad things for your romantic life.
2. People relax in hot water called "hot springs". For example, Szechenyi Spa Baths.

③ France

1. Step in dog poop with your left foot. It seems unlucky, but it is actually good luck.
2. People kiss on the cheek to say hello.

④ Saudi Arabia

1. Seeing a snake in a dream is believed to be an omen of betrayal or danger.
2. People wear long clothes and pray five times every day.

⑤ The U.S.

1. You shouldn't eat chicken on New Year's Eve, because chickens have wings, all your luck could fly away.
2. People celebrate Thanksgiving every November with a big family meal.

Group 5

① Thailand

1. Don't comment on a cute baby. People believe it will take the beauty away.
2. People put their hands together and bow a little.

② Spain

1. Don't enter a room with your left foot. It will bring you bad luck.
2. People eat five times a day. Paella is a traditional food.

③ Egypt

1. Owls are bad luck. If you see or hear an owl, bad news is coming.
2. People say this land is the gift of the Nile River

④ Ireland

1. If you place new shoes on the table. It will be very bad luck.
2. People celebrate St. Patrick's Day on March 17. It's famous for being overflowing with the color green.

Group 6

① Singapore

1. Displaying oranges is believed to bring good luck.
2. If you throw trash on the ground, you will have to pay a fine.

② Sweden

1. Don't put your keys on the table. It will bring bad luck.
2. People enjoy a coffee break with friends or coworkers in daily life. It is called "Fika".

③ Mexico

1. Sweeping over someone's feet means they will never get married.
2. People celebrate Day of the Dead. It's like the movie "Coco".

④ Canada

1. It is said that knocking on wood can avoid jinxes and disasters.
2. People say "eh" at the end of a sentence when confirming or agreeing.